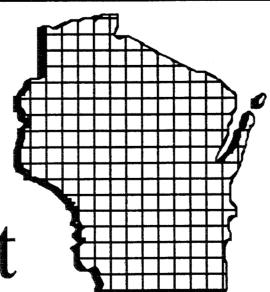
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Policy

February 1988

Research Institute **Report**



Volume 1, No. 1

THE WISCONSIN CITIZEN SURVEY

A Survey of Wisconsin Public Opinion

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Wisconsin Policy Research Institute Report

THE WISCONSIN CITIZEN SURVEY

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THE WISCONSIN CITIZEN SURVEY

BY GORDON S. BLACK, Ph.D.

JANUARY, 1988

INTRODUCTION:

The <u>Wisconsin Policy Research Institute</u>, (WPRI) commissioned a state-wide survey of 1000 randomly selected Wisconsin residents, which was conducted in early January, 1988. The survey, conducted by the **Gordon S. Black Corporation**, was designed as the first of a series of studies of the views of Wisconsin residents. For this reason, the results of the first poll will serve as a baseline for measuring changes that occur in public attitudes. In addition, the first poll raised issues that cannot be resolved within the data obtained, and subsequent studies will explore some of these issues in more detail.

The Objectives of the Research:

During October of 1987, WPRI conducted a series of focus groups across Wisconsin, the purpose of which was to explore qualitatively the issues of concern to Wisconsin residents. Each focus group was composed of 8 to 10 residents, selected to provide a balance of differing backgrounds and interests. The full results of these focus groups provided the basis for many of the questions asked in the state-wide poll.

The focus groups disclosed a number of issues of importance to Wisconsin residents. Four of the most important - taxes and spending, welfare, education, and crime -- form the basis of this research. The objectives of the research are as follows:

- To explore public attitudes concerning various aspects of each topic, usually as a result of concerns raised by the respondents in the focus groups.
- To describe possible policy responses to these problems, and to measure public sentiment on these polices.
- To evaluate the degree of variation in responses by region of the state, and for various demographic groups.
- To provide a basis for tracking public attitudes on these and other issues over time.

The final questionnaire was designed by Dr. Gordon S. Black in conjunction with Mr. James Miller of WPRI.

The Methodology for the Study:

The data in this report is based on a randomly selected sample of 1000 residents of Wisconsin, 18 years of age and older. The households to be called were selected by a computer, using a technique that adds a digit to each of a sample of known phone numbers to create a new list of numbers that includes both unlisted numbers and new listings.

The resulting sample was compared against projected 1987 census figures for the State as a whole, and for Milwaukee County separately. The sample was weighted slightly to compensate for two harder-to-reach populations -- younger respondents and Black respondents. Males and females are quota sampled to insure an approximately equal division, and the regional and county subsamples were accurate without any adjustment.

The interviewing was conducted between January 4th and January 8th, 1988. All interviewing was conducted by the interviewing staff of the Gordon S. Black Corporation, using our computer assisted telephone interviewing system.

A survey of 1000 randomly selected residents has a margin error of plus or minus 3 percent for percentages based on the entire sample. For a percentage near 50%, for example, this means that repeated samples would produce results between 47% and 53%, 95 times out of 100. The margin of error for percentages closer to zero and 100% is less than plus or minus 3%. The margin of error for subsamples will be significantly greater: i.e., for such categories of respondents as women, Blacks, young people, etc.

The Gordon S. Black Corporation:

The Gordon S. Black Corporation is a firm specializing in market research and public opinion polling, with offices in Rochester, New York, Detroit, Washington D.C., and Atlanta. Among media clients, the firm conducts the polling for <u>USA TODAY</u>, CNN NEWS, <u>Detroit</u> <u>News</u>, <u>Cleveland Plain Dealer</u>, <u>Indianapolis Star</u>, and others.

In the commercial market research area, the firm's clients include General Motors, General Electric, Xerox, Kodak, LTV, NCR, Compaq Computers, Peat Marwick Main, Bausch and Lomb, Gannett, and more than 75 other firms.

The firm does not work for political candidates of either political party; nor does it work for lobbying organizations. The firm maintains a nonpartisan approach to its work because so much of the work falls in the public domain. The firm is currently conducting the largest study ever conducted on attitudes toward drug abuse for the American Association of Advertising Agencies. This study will cover four years, with 8000 interviews in each of four separate waves.

Dr. Gordon S. Black, the author of the study, received his doctorate in Political Science from Stanford University in 1970. He taught public opinion and voting behavior at the University of Rochester between 1968 and 1981, when he resigned as Associate Professor of Political Science. He has published more than a dozen articles on public opinion and voting behavior in professional journals. He is a Trustee of the National Council on Public Polls, and a member of the Council of Survey Research Organizations and the American Association for Public Opinion Research.

SECTION I

TAXES ARE A MAJOR PROBLEM IN WISCONSIN

Taxes are named as the problem that Wisconsin residents would most like their state government to do something about. Overall, 51 percent volunteer taxes as a serious problem, and nearly a third feel that taxes are the single most serious problem facing the State.

Following taxes, Wisconsin residents are most likely to mention welfare (28%), unemployment (26%), and the status of the economy (24%), with crime in fifth place at 13 percent.

In general, the concern over taxes is evident all over the State, but unemployment is viewed as the number one problem by Milwaukee residents. Also, residents in Southeast Wisconsin, which has faced an immigration of welfare recipients, are more concerned about welfare than those in other areas of the State.

Taxes were named as a problem more often by those residents:

- Living in Waukesha County, 67 percent mention taxes.
- Earning more than \$40,000, 63 percent mention taxes.
- Who are married and have children, 59 percent mention taxes.

1.1 Opposition to Local Property Taxes High

The concern over the level of taxation is coupled with a concern over the type of taxation. More Wisconsin residents dislike the property tax the most, 49 percent, than either the state sales tax (24%) or the state income tax (23%). Opposition to the property tax is especially high among residents between the ages of 45 and 54 (55%) and those who own their own homes (54%).

In contrast, residents are least opposed to the state sales tax, with 51 percent taking this position as compared with 24 percent who mentioned the income tax and 21 percent who mentioned the property tax.

Opposition to the property tax is sufficiently high that residents across the State, by a substantial 66 percent to 32 percent margin, are willing to raise the sales tax one percent to provide property tax relief.

For the most part, these sentiments are fairly consistent across the State, with the exception of Milwaukee, where opposition to the property tax is distinctly less severe.

1.2 Opposition to State Spending Fuels the Tax Opposition

The concern over taxes is mirrored in strong opposition across the State to current spending levels. Over half of Wisconsin's residents, 53 percent, feel that the state government currently spends "too much" as compared with 6 percent who feel that spending is "too low" and 31 percent who find spending "about right".

Opposition to local government spending is not quite so severe, with 43 percent stating that such spending is "too high" as contrasted with 8 percent who say it is "too little" and 43 percent who find local spending "about right". In the City of Milwaukee, a slightly higher proportion, of the residents, 52 percent feel that local spending is too high.

Overall, Wisconsin residents are strongly opposed to taxes. This result can be clearly seen in relation to government spending on education. By a 33 percent to 20 percent margin, respondents feel that spending on public schools is too little rather than too much, yet they don't want to pay more taxes to support public education in their communities, by a 51 percent to 45 percent margin.

This result can also be seen with respect to the criminal justice system. Although 72 percent of residents disapprove of plea bargaining, only 50 percent would be willing to pay more taxes to reduce plea bargaining. Also, although prison overcrowding is becoming a serious problem in Wisconsin, residents, by a 51 percent to 45 percent margin, don't want to pay more taxes to build more prisons. They do support less costly ways of dealing with prison overcrowding, such as home confinement and community work.

1.3 Wisconsin Residents Optimistic About Their Futures, But More So About Themselves Than About the State

Residents have mixed feelings about the future economic conditions of Wisconsin. Overall, 25 percent expect conditions to improve during the next year, 30 percent expect them to get worse, and 43 percent expect them to stay the same (the remainder are undecided).

Wisconsin residents tend to be more optimistic about their own future economic conditions than the State's future conditions. Thirty-three percent expect their family's economic circumstances to improve, 10 percent expect them to get worse, and 55 percent expect them to stay the same (the remainder are undecided).

SECTION II

PUBLIC SCHOOLS VIEWED FAVORABLY STATE-WIDE

BUT LESS SO IN MILWAUKEE

Wisconsin residents currently give fairly high marks to the educational system in Wisconsin, although the results are markedly less favorable in Milwaukee.

State-wide, 70 percent rate public education in their community as "good" or "excellent," and 39 percent feel that education has improved over the past five years. On the negative side, 27 percent rate public education as "fair" or "poor" and 16 percent feel it has gotten worse.

In Milwaukee, by contrast 72 percent rate education as "fair" or "poor" and 42 percent feel that it has gotten worse during the past five years.

The response for the City of Milwaukee is particularly disconcerting considering the fact that suburban Milwaukee residents rate their public schools as high as any area of the state. The city of Milwaukee is the only area of the state where a plurality, 42 percent to 23 percent, see the schools as getting worse as opposed to getting better.

The quality of public education is one of the major factors determining the selection of housing among area residents, and the poorer ratings given education in Milwaukee are likely related to the flight of residents to the suburbs.

2.1 Residents Mixed on Spending Increases

Residents have mixed views when the issue is spending for public education. Statewide, 33 percent feel that spending is "too little", 20 percent feel it's "too much", and 40 percent feel spending is "about the right amount."

Again, the City of Milwaukee is in contrast with the rest of the state, with 49 percent who feel that spending is too little.

With regard to higher education, 26 percent feel that spending is too little, 19% feel it's too much, and 36 percent feel it's the right amount. The remaining 19 percent are undecided. As one might expect, the Madison area, home to the University, is <u>most</u> inclined to feel that spending is too little, with 37% giving this response.

2.2 Residents Want Education to Meet Standards

Wisconsin residents clearly want a multifaceted education system which is responsive to residents and adheres to quality standards of performance.

- Over 95% want enrichment programs for those with learning disabilities and 80% want enrichment programs for gifted children.
- 82 percent want school districts to meet minimum standards as established through statewide, standardized achievement tests.
- While a plurality of residents favor giving tenure to teachers, 43 percent in favor to 36 percent opposed, 87 percent support changes which would make it easier to fire incompetent teachers.
- 76 percent favor merit pay for teachers based on performance, but 67 percent favor using higher salaries to attract better teachers.

• While favoring improved education, the residents would oppose higher taxes to support education by a plurality of 51 percent to 45 percent.

Residents state-wide, and particularly in the Milwaukee area, feel that the number of dropouts has increased over the past ten years. When asked who is responsible, they blame parents by a wide margin. At the same time, they also see many students as graduating with unacceptably poor skills in reading and writing, and here they blame teachers, parents, and administrators in that order. Finally 58% of the respondents state-wide, and 71% in Milwaukee, feel that discipline in the public schools is too lenient.

2.3 Wisconsin residents give support to educational choice

Support parents' right to choose public schools for children

A plurality of Wisconsin residents support the idea of giving poor parents a grant of tax money and allowing them to choose which public or private schools they want their children to attend.

Overall, 48 percent of the residents favored this concept of educational funding, which is sometimes called the "voucher system", with 45 percent opposed and the rest undecided. Moreover, 80 percent of the residents think that parents should have the right to choose which local public schools their children attend, and 55 percent feel that the proposed "choice system" would produce competition which would improve the quality of education.

2.4 Support Highest in Milwaukee

Support for this "choice system" is highest in the City of Milwaukee, where residents also voice the greatest discontent with their current educational system. In Milwaukee, 59 percent are in favor, with 39 percent opposed and the remainder undecided. Support is also high among:

- Blacks, 78%
- 18 to 24 year olds, 68%
- 25 to 34 year olds, 52%

The "choice" system of education engenders competition among schools by forcing schools to compete for students, where the parents determine which school will educate their children and receive the financial stipends.

2.5 Concern Over the Goals of Education

The support for the "choice" system is reflected in the feeling that the educational system in Wisconsin is not doing what it should. Respondents were asked whether the goal of education should be "to attain a certain level of education for all students," or should the goal be to "educate each student to his or her fullest potential?" Overall, 75 percent of the residents feel that education should be directed to helping children achieve their fullest potential, but 61 percent feel that it is currently directed at obtaining a certain level of education for all students.

Many supporters of the "choice" system argue that it will permit children to obtain what they need rather than be forced to accept some general program of material designed for everyone.

SECTION III

WISCONSIN RESIDENTS CRITICAL OF STATE WELFARE SYSTEM

Although almost all of Wisconsin residents, 96 percent, agree with the concept of providing welfare support for people who are in need and cannot support themselves, they are critical of the current welfare system.

Many of the residents, 41 percent, think that welfare payments in the state are too high, with 8 percent who think they are too low, and 36 percent who think they are the right amount. This view is not as strong among families with annual incomes of less than \$10,000, where only 27 percent of these families feel that payments are too high, but 46% of families with incomes above \$40,000 feel they are too high.

3.1 Concern about welfare recipients immigrating from other states

State-wide, 83 percent of Wisconsin residents feel that the current size of welfare payments encourages welfare recipients to move into the state. Only 13 percent do not feel this is true and 3 percent are undecided.

Concern over this immigration is reflected in the fact that 89 percent of the residents want people moving into the state to have to go through a waiting period before receiving welfare.

3.2 Concern over abuses to the welfare system

Wisconsin residents are critical of the current welfare system and do not feel that it is providing support only to those who need it.

- 87 percent of residents believe that the welfare rolls have many people who could work but don't want to.
- 84 percent believe that the welfare system actually <u>encourages</u> poverty by allowing people to stay on welfare rather than be self-supporting.
- 94 percent feel welfare recipients should be <u>required</u> to take job training or attend school.

- 91 percent believe people who receive welfare should be <u>required</u> to take available employment.
- 72 percent approve of the idea that welfare recipients should lose some of their benefits if their children drop out of school.

The majority of Wisconsin residents, 65 percent, realize that the most numerous beneficiaries of the welfare system are dependent children. A larger proportion of women than men, 75 percent versus 58 percent, believe that dependent children receive the most benefits from welfare.

Wisconsin residents want to provide welfare support for those who need it, but they do not want the system abused. Residents are concerned that welfare recipients are moving into the state because of the size of Wisconsin's welfare payments, and they are concerned about subsidizing some recipients who could work but don't want to.

SECTION IV

WISCONSIN RESIDENTS VIEW CRIME AS ON THE RISE

FAVOR BOTH A HARD LINE ON CRIME AND INNOVATIVE SENTENCING

Wisconsin residents believe that crime is on the rise, both in the entire State and in their communities. On the whole, they favor tougher ways of dealing with criminals, but they also will support innovative sentencing programs which might reduce the cost of prison.

Crime on the Rise

Two out of three of those surveyed believe that crime is rising in Wisconsin, and 45 percent think crime is rising in their own communities. Almost no one sees crime dropping. This view is most strongly held in the City of Milwaukee, where 80 percent see crime on the rise in the State and 57 percent believe it's rising in the City. The residents of the Madison area are least likely to share this view, although even they are inclined to see an increase in crime.

4.1 **People are Hostile Toward the Criminal Justice System**

Hostility toward aspects of the criminal justice system is widely shared by Wisconsin residents. Overall, 76 percent agree that the laws and the courts are more concerned with protecting the rights of criminals than the rights of victims, and this view is even more prevalent among those residents:

- Earning less than \$10,000; 85 percent agree.
- Not finishing high school; 86 percent agree.
- Between the ages of 55 and 64; 89 percent agree.

This hostility is particularly directed at the practice of plea bargaining. State-wide, 72 percent disapprove of the practice with majorities opposed in every section of the State, but only a narrow plurality, 50 percent to 46 percent, are willing to pay more in taxes to end this practice.

Majorities in every section of the State feel that the sentences imposed by the courts are "too lenient", with 56 percent holding this view State-wide. Also, 70 percent want prisoners to serve the sentences imposed by the courts, without having them shortened by parole boards.

4.2 A Majority Supports the Death Penalty

By a margin of 56 percent to 37 percent, residents in Wisconsin favor the death penalty, which currently is not permitted in the State. Support for the death penalty is strongest:

- Among those earning \$40,000 or over, 67 percent.
- Among men, 66 percent.
- Among those 25 to 34, 66 percent.

Opposition is strongest among women, those earning less than \$10,000, and those over 65 years old.

4.3 Although Hard Line, Residents Don't Want to Pay for Expensive Prisons

Prison overcrowding is becoming a serious problem in Wisconsin's prisons, but respondents, by a 51 percent to 45 percent margin, don't want to pay more taxes to build more prisons. Support for more prisons is strongest, 54 percent, in Waukesha County, and weakest in the Green Bay area, 41 percent.

At the same time, the respondents displayed strong support for less costly ways of dealing with convicted criminals:

- 81 percent would support sentencing nonviolent criminals to community work outside of prison.
- 63 percent would support the building of more low security prisons.
- 57 percent would support home confinements for nonviolent criminals.

Virtually everyone, 94 percent, opposes the shortening of lengthy sentences of potentially violent criminals.

Wisconsin residents find themselves faced with conflicting tendencies. On the one hand, they are upset with rising crime and a criminal justice system that is not sufficiently punitive. On the other hand, they oppose the cost of the higher taxes required to increase prison space. Between these two tendencies are a series of less expensive solutions -- home confinement, low security prisons, and community work-- which they can support.

SECTION V

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The data of the kind presented in the previous tables do not warrant some type of permanent conclusion. Public opinion is always conditional, and an interpretation is confined to a particular period of time. The study itself tended to focus on <u>problems</u>, and it may make the overall assessment appear more negative than reality. Every state has problems, of course and Wisconsin is no different in this regard. If Wisconsin is different, the difference may lie in the intensity of concern among residents that problems <u>need to be solved</u> and the willingness of these residents to entertain new and novel solutions.

Of the problems discussed in this report, the most intractable and difficult to solve is probably the problem of providing an adequate education to the children of the City of Milwaukee.

The reality of our urban world today is that urban education is in a state of shambles. The failure rate of urban education, measured through dropouts and the graduation of functional illiterates, is a tragedy of enormous proportions. This failure condemns millions to the cycle of ignorance, poverty, crime, drugs, and early death. The social cost is the disintegration of our urban centers, the flight of the middle class from the cities, and the loss of civility in our political and social life. Moreover, this failure inflicts a cost of unknown proportions on American business, which is forced to train people whose basic skills at learning are minimal at best.

For Milwaukee, the cost is a perception of the inadequacy of the public schools, a perception that is undoubtedly related to the persistent flight of families with children to the suburbs.

Although it is unpleasant to do so, we must consider the reality that the organization and delivery of urban education is a <u>failure</u>. Our urban public schools do not adequately perform their task of educating children by any standard that one wants to employ. Milwaukee is no different in this regard, at least that is what the public thinks. The question is: what are we as Americans going to do about it?

In the study, the public gave a surprising level of support to a concept of using vouchers to instill competition within the school system. This is a rather radical idea in education, although we accept competition as desirable in virtually every other aspect of our social and political life.

Many people have in the past opposed this concept, often for reasons that are self-serving or protective of institutional prerogatives of power and control. Such opposition is understandable. Monopolies hate the concept of competition, and they will fight fiercely to protect their prerogative. The Airlines fought deregulation. The truckers fought deregulation. No one really wants to leave a privileged sanctuary.

In the case of urban education, however, even in Milwaukee, we are going to have to at least consider solutions that will disrupt the current organization and control of the system. The alternative is to accept a system which permits a <u>failure rate</u> that is unacceptable. When we conducted this survey, we felt the results might "gore some oxes," or at least some sacred cows.

Every study of this type manages to upset people whose priorities and views are in opposition to those expressed through the questions in the survey. Frankly, the controversy itself is undoubtedly valuable for the discussion of the issues raised in the survey.

Of course, all of the problems in this study are in truth related -- welfare, crime, education, and taxes. The study does not attempt to do justice to every aspect of each of these issues. Over time, we hope that we can approach a clearer understanding of additional aspects of each. The research effort is, in every respect, a preliminary effort. If it stimulates a more serious public discussion of these issues, we will be grateful that the research is partially satisfying the objectives of the Wisconsin Policy Research Institute.

TAXES ARE A MAJOR PROBLEM IN WISCONSIN

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SECTION I TABLES

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10	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
TAXES COLUMN %	33	16	19	36	47	34	33	31	32	35
WELFARE-POVERTY ISSUES Column %	4	4	17	18	1	4 1	13	01	91	13
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CRIM JUSTICE-LAWS COLUMN %	ស	4	Q	2J	4	ۍ	7	C1	2	e
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GOVT.SERVICES COLUMN %	٩	0	-				3		-	
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DON'T KNOW Column \$	20	15	2003 2004 2004 2004 2004 2004 2004 2004	12	31	25	21	24	13	24
TAXES Column %	8	61	17	18	20	18	15	23	21	17
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THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- WAUKEE AREA	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
FAVOR COLUMN %	99	65	64	68	60	69	62	62	69	68
OPPOSE COLUMN %	32	33	36	30	38	28	36	30	16	67
DUN'T KNOW CULUMN %	e	2		6	-	e	5	8		e
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	ВS	114	175
	58 Do you favor or oppose increasing Wisconsin's state sales tax by one percent in order to help reduce local property taxes?	or or oppose increasing Wisconsin's state sales tax by one order to help reduce local property taxes?	asing wiscon uce local pr	sconsin's st property t	s state s ty taxes?	ate sales tax by une axes?	by one			

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TOO MUCH Column %	53	56	0 4	53	61	49	51	51	53	47
TUO LITTLE Column %	9	7	10	9	e	ġ	8	2	8	9
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COLUMN %	1	10	14	6	10	7	=	Ξ	. =	16
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	6 Overall, do you think Wisconsin's state government spends too much, too little, or just about the right amount of tax dollars?	o you think Wisconsin's state or just about the right amou	sin's sta s'right a	ate gover amount of	's state government spends too much, ight amount of tax dollars?	ends toc lars?	much,			

THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee <u>Suburbs</u>	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADISON	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
STATE INCOME TAX Column %	23	23	23	29	27	27	26	23	27	Ξ
LOCAL PROPERTY TAX Column %	, 49	47	39	46	50	47	53	46	47	62
STATE SALES TAX Column %	24	25	33	21	21	- 24	91	25	21	22
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	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE Suburas	WAU- KE SHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
STATE INCOME TAX Column %	24	25	24	17	24	21	28	18	24	31
LOCAL PROPERTY TAX Column %	21	22	31	16	18	24	15	29	20	16
STATE SALES TAX COLUMN %	e N	50	42	62	54	53	55	5 5	53	48
DON'T KNOW Column %	4	e	e	Û	4	7	7	თ	N	Q
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
57 And which ta		are you LEAST opposed to?	pesodo	to?						

THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- WAUKEE AREA	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
TOD MUCH COLUMN %	43	44	52	38	48	48	36	31	44	44
TOO LITTLE Column %	Ð	60	4	on	14	4	8	14	8	8
THE RIGHT AMOUNT COLUMN %	4T 43	42	36	46	35	44	47	45	45	40
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	9	9	თ	7	ß	4	6	5	3	8
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	all, c	do you think your local government spends too much, too - just about the right amount of tax dollars?	local gove right amoun	ernment sp nt of tax	spends too x dollars?		t 00			

		MIL- Maukee	MALKE	MIL- WAUKEE		GREEN BAV	MADI SON	c u	SOUTH	REST OF
	TOTAL	AREA	CITV	SUBURBS	COUNTY	AREA	AREA	AREA	WI SCON	STATE
TOO MUCH Column %	20	19	01	18	23	22	11	21	15	29
TOO LITTLE Column %	33	36	4 0	35	26	90	37	30	36	29
THE RIGHT AMOUNT Column %	NT 40	96	16	9 6	45	44	47	43	40	34
COLUMN %	7	3	01	01	Q	£	ى ئ	Q	J	1
IUIAL WEIGHTED N	0001	405	113	101	68	184	96	НS	114	175
<u> </u>	15 Do you think we spend too much, too little, or just about the right amount on PUBLIC schools, both primary and secondary?	nk we spend too much, too little, or just a PUBLIC schools, both primary and secondary?	h, too h prima	little, (or just a	bout the	he right			

REST OF STATE	36	59	Ð	175	
SOUTH EAST WISCON	52	4	4	114	
LA CROSSE EAU CL.	52	44	4	сĦ	
MADI SON 6	51	47	8	90	ui uo
GREEN BAV AREA	44	52	প	184	lic education in
WAU- KESHA COUNTY	45	52	e	68	t public
MIL- Waukee Suburbs (49	48	e	101	igher taxes to support
MIL- WAUKEE CITY	52	44	4	113	igher taxes to s
MIL WAUKEE AREA	45	51	হ	405	oppose higher
TOTAL	45	51	স্থ	0001	26 Do you favor or oppose higher taxes to support public education in your community?
	FAVOR Column %	OPPOSE COLUMN %	DUN'T KNOW COLUMN %	TUTAL Weighted N	7

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- MAUKEE CITV	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTV	GREEN Bav Area	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
APPROVE Column %	33	21	24	21	19	26	28	61	61	18
DISAPPROVE Column %	72	73	69	12	73	1.2	66	11	75	74
COLUMN %	g	G	9	7	8	S	Ω.	6	ũ	8
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	164	bargaining is a practice where a criminal is allowed to pl y to a lessor crime in order to avoid the cost and demands c trial. Do you approve or disapprove of plea bargaining?	Drder to	a crimini avoid ti approve	lisall ne cost a of pleat	lowed to and demar bargainir	plead nds of a 197			

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	TOTAL	MIL- Maukee Area	MIL- Waukee CITV	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN Bav Area	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
VES COLUMN %	50	23	6 4	52	45	51	54	40	46	4
NU) COLUMN %	46	42	28	42	51	4	45	53	51	53
DON'T KNOW %	ۍ	Q	30	Ģ	4	£	ran,	7	c.	Ð
TUTAL WEIGHTED N	0001	405	611	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
47	In order 1 willing to attorneys	to reduce the frequency of plea bargaining, would you be pay more taxes to employ more judges, prosecuting , and public defenders?	ency of employ ers?	of plea bargai oy more judges	f plea bargaining, would yo y more judges, prosecuting	would y would y secuting				

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU KESHA COUNTY	GREEN Bav Area	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
SUPPORT COLUMN %	45	50	50	49	54	41	43	42	44	45
OPPOSE Column %	51	48	45	49	45	57	55	52	53	50
CULUMN %	ũ	7	4	8	-	2	7	£	4	e.
TUTAL Weighted N	1000	405	13	101	68	184	96	с н	114	4 /1
- <u>-</u>	51 Uvercrowding is becoming a serious problem in Wisconsin's prisons. Which of the following would you support to reduce this overcrowdi More taxes to build more prisons.	<pre>ig is becoming a serious problem in Wisconsin's prisons. ie fallowing would you support to reduce this overcrowding? to build more prisons.</pre>	erious p you sup	roblem 1 port to	wiscons reduce th	n s pr	isons.			

THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
IMPROVE Column %	25	24	22	28	28	25	30	24	24	26
GET WORSE COLUMN %	30	30	35	36	24	28	26	32	26	31
STAV THE SAME Column %	43	43	43	34	43	45	42	41	51	40
DON'T KNOW %	6	e	-	ы	4	-	0	e		e
TUTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	Based on what do you expect stay the same	you know or have heard about the economy of Wisconsin, the state economic conditions to improve, get worse, or during the next year?	ve heard omic con t year?	about ti ditions	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	y of Wi e, get	e economy of Wisconsin, o improve, get worse, or			

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	TOTAL	MIL- WAUKEE AREA	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
IMPROVE COLUMN %	33	32	37	29	33	34	96 3	44	37	25
GET WORSE Column %	01	3	8	4	8	O)	Q	10	7	11
STAY THE SAME COLUMN %	55	56	52	65	57	56	55	44	54	57
DUN'T KNOW Column %	5	0	3	8	7	-		2	8	-
TUTAL WEIGHTED N	N 1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
- 	9 What about your own family's economic circumstances. Do you expec them to improve, get worse, or stay the same during the next year?	own family's get worse,	economi or stay	c ctrcum the same	circumstances. e same during t	Do you expect he next year?	you expect next year?			

PUBLIC SCHOOLS VIEWED FAVORABLY STATE-WIDE

SECTION II TABLES

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN Bav Area	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
CRITICALLY IMPORTANT Column %	NT 25	26	29	27	22	24	29	28	32	20
VERY IMPORTANT Column %	58	61	57	57	65	55	56	55	52	60
SOMEWHAT IMPORTANT Column %	13	11	12	12	8	16	13	14	12	15
NOT VERY IMPORTANT Column %	ო	3	2	4	ณ	4	7	-	n	e
DON'T KNOW & COLUMN %	-	0	-			0		7	-	e
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
10 Haw criter	How important is pub critically important important?	1 4 0 1 1 4 0 1	ation con aportant	npared to	education compared to other issues. I Bry important, somewhat important, or n	ant, or	Is it not very			

TOTAL
23
37
28
e
405
11 In general, how would you rate the quality of public education in your community. Is it excellent, good, fair, or poor?

THE WISCONSIN POLL

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	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
IMPROVED Column %	39	34	23	33	46	42	47	50	38	41
GOTTEN WORSE COLUMN %	16	23	42	16	12	12	0	7	16	Ξ
STAVED THE SAME Column %	IE 37	35	29	45	32	39	36	40	37	40
DON'T KNOW Column %	0	3	9	7	6	9	0	G	5	8
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	611	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
1.2	12 Compared to five years ago, do you think public education community has improved, gotten worse, or stayed the same?	to five years ago, do you think public education in your has improved, gotten worse, or stayed the same?	Io you th	ink pub	ic educa	ition in your ame?	Your			

	TOTAL	MIL Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITV	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
ALL TO A CERTAIN LEVEL Column %	IN LEVEL 18	20	21	15	16	12	17	19	25	21
FULLEST POTENTIAL Column %	IAL 75	73	72	79	76	83	78	19	65	72
BOTH Column %	æ	4	ى ئ	ব	a	8	e		4	3
NEITHER Column %	0	0		5	-				-	-
COLUMN %	G	3	e		-	Ċ		8	ى ا	4
TUTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	o you think t ertain level ducate each s	hat the goal of of education fo tudent to his o	f public or all s or her f	educati tudents ullest p	ublic education should be to att all students or should the goal her fullest potential?	the go	attain a al be to			

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
ALL TO A CERTAIN LEVEL COLUMN %	AIN LEVEL 61	62	64	64	62	61	70	56	62	57
FULLEST POTENTIAL COLUMN %	TIAL 21		12	21	22	23	20	16	17	24
BOTH COLUMN %	ŋ	n	600	ß	Ċ	থ	ى ا	4	2	e
NEITHER Column %	2	e	ى ئ	e	2	2			ю	2
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	12	4	17	1		-	ى ئ	01	Ιġ	14
TUTAL WEIGHTED N	N 1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
		Do you think the public education system in wisconsin is, IN FACT up to attain a certain level of education for all students, or, is set up to educate each student to his or her fullest potential?	ation sy of educ nt to hi	stem in ation fo s of her	kisconsin ralistu fullest	dents, IN	1 • 1 1	1 t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t		

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADISON	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
TOO MUCH Column %	20	19	10	18	23	22	1	21	15	29
TOO LITTLE Column %	33	35	49	35	26	30	37	30	36	29
THE RIGHT AMOUNT COLUMN %	40	38	31	38	45	44	47	43	40	34
DON'T KNOW Column %	7	8	10	01	Q	۵ı	ß	Q	n	7
TUTAL WEIGHTED N	0001	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	15 Do you think we spend too much, too little, or just about the right amount on PUBLIC schools, both primary and secondary?	nk we spend too much, too little, or just a PUBLIC schools, both primary and secondary?	ch, too th prima	little, ry and s	br just a econdary?	bout th	e right			

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
TOO MUCH COLUMN %	18	20	16	17	21	20	15	20	22	18
TOO LITTLE Column %	26	25	28	26	26	30	37	23	24	20
THE RIGHT AMOUNT COLUMN %	INT 36	35	40	35	38	34	42	39	30	36
CULUMN %	61	20	15	23	14	16	9	17	24	26
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
9	16 Do you think we spend too much, too little, or just abo amount on Wisconsin's public colleges and universities?	ink we spend too much, too little, or just about the right Wisconsin's public colleges and universities?	ch, too lit colleges a	little, sand un	le, or just about the right d universities?	bout the	e right			

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GORDON S. BLACK CORPORATION

		TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITV	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
VES COLUMN %	×	82	82	87	80	06	84	77	83	61	84
NO COLUMN %	% Z	12	13	6	18	5	10	21	. 14	14	8
DON'T KNOW	×	ø	LO	ধ	5	-	G	0	E	7	8
TUTAL Weigh	L WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	82	114	175
		17 Do you think that school districts should be required to meet minimum levels of academic achievement for their students, measured through statewide, standardized achievement tests?	hool dis chieveme zed achi	tricts s nt for t evement	hould be heir stu tests?	dents, me	to mee asured	t minimu through			

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADI SON	CROSSE CROSSE A EAU CL. E	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
SHOULD HAVE RIGHT COLUMN %	T 80	85	94	83	61	80	70	76	78	19
NOT HAVE THE RIGHT COLUMN %	HT 14		4	12	19	15	23	16	17	12
COLUMN %	g	4	9	Q	page	2 2	7	7	2	ົ
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	<pre>18 Do you think that parents in your area SHOULD or SHOULD NOT HAVE the right to choose which local schools their children attend?</pre>	nk that parents in your area SHOULD or SHOULD NOT HAVE the hoose which local schools their children attend?	your ar	ea SHOULI their ch	in your area SHOULD or SHOULD NO al schools their children attend?	JLD NOT P	HAVE the			

THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- WAUKEE AREA	MIL- Waukee City	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
TOO LENIENT Column %	5.6	66	11	64	60	51	4	54	57	58
TOO STRICT COLUMN %	ო	3		Ċ	8	e	5	2		e
ABOUT RIGHT COLUMN %	9 3 9	28	25	29	28	36	50	36	36	32
DUN'T KNOW COLUMN %	Q	4	4	5	4	J	Q	8	7	7
TUTAL Weighted N	666 N	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	174
	Would you strict, or	say the discipline in the public schools is too lenient, too about right?	in the	public so	hools is	s is too lenie	nient, to			

REST OF STATE	36	32	29	175	
SOUTH F EAST WISCON	47	36	17	114	
LA ROSSE AU CL. AREA	42	38	19	85	
LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	50	39	1	96	
GREEN Bav N Area	36	44	20	184	to teachers?
WAU- KESHA COUNTY	43	36	20	68	re to te
MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS 0	45	43	12	101	ring tenu
MIL- WAUKEE V CITY	48	24	28	113	or oppose giv
MIL- Waukee Area	46	32	22	405	20 In general, do you favor or oppose giving tenure to teachers?
					lo you fa
TOTAL	43	36	21	1000	In general, do
				z	20 In general
	FAVOR Column %	OPPOSE COLUMN %	DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	TUTAL WEIGHTED N	20
	u_	0		<u> </u>	

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	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV Area	LA CROSSE SOUT MADISON EAU CL. EAST AREA AREA WISCC	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	E Z	REST OF STATE
VES COLUMN %	87	85	76	16	92	16	06	82	85	16
NU COLUMN %	ມ	8	15	ى ە	-	9	e	e	ى س	3
DUN'T KNOW COLUMN %	7	2	0	4	7	ى م	9	15	10	۲
TUTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
2	21 Would you support Changes in the tenure system which would make it easier to fire incompetent teachers?	upport changes in the tenure system which would make it ire incompetent teachers?	the ten eachers?	ure syste	am which	wouldm				

	TOTAL	MIL- WAUKEE AREA	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE Eau CL. Area	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
VES COLUMN %	48	50	53	46	40	48	48	50	47	48
NO COLUMN %	45	43	36	49	56	45	47	45	43	44
DON'T KNOW	7	7	e	ى ا	4	8	9	Q	=	8
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	Many people problems in their educt paroch parent parochial more then adopted in	a believe that poor children in urban areas are having the public schools. One idea to improve the quality o ational opportunities is for the state to give tax money ts and allow them to choose which public, private, or school to send their child to. This idea would not cost current public education. Would you like to see this id wisconsin?	r childr ls. One les is f to choos ir child cation.	en in url idea to ar the s e which to. Th Would y	children in urban areas are having s. One idea to improve the quality of es is for the state to give tax money to o choose which public, private, or r child to. This idea would not cost ation. Would you like to see this idea	the dua the dua tive tax orivate, ould no see t	s are having the quality of give tax money to private, or would not cost to see this idea			

59 50 44 60 59 54 44 55 33 48 51 33 39 37 47 38 8 2 5 7 3 9 9 7 113 101 68 184 96 85 114 175
48 51 33 39 37 47 2 5 7 3 9 9 101 68 184 96 85 114 1
101 68 184 96 85 114

THE WISCONSIN POLL

TOTAL	.i	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITV	MIL- Waukee Suburbs C	WAU- KESHA COUNTV	GREEN BAY AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
Ľ	76	76	78	72	80	72	06	75	61	74
	8	61	61	23	14	22	01	20	61	21
	4	4	n	£	9	9		2	5	4
100	00	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
24 Do you favo	or or opp	24 Do you favor or oppose merit pay for teachers based on performance?	pay for	teacher	for teachers based on performance?) perfo	rmance?			

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	TOTAL	MIL- WAUKEE AREA	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADISON	LA CROSSE Madison Eau CL. Area Area	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
FAVOR Column %	67	17	82	73	70	57	77	62	72	62
OPPOSE Column %	29	25	18	22	27	36	19	33	22	34
DON'T KNOW Column %	ۍ	4	çina.	5	e	Q	4	ى ا	Q	4
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	25 Do you favor or oppose higher salaries to attract better teachers?	r or oppose higher salaries to attract bette	r salari	es to at	ract bette	etter teachers?	hers?			

GORDON S. BLACK CURPURALIUN	LICO NIGNOSIN SUL

SE SOUTH REST CL. EAST OF A WISCON STATE	52 52 36	44 44 59	4 4 5	85 114 175	
LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	51	47	7	96	10n in
GREEN BAV AREA	44	52	4	184	public education in
WAU- KESHA COUNTY	45	52	С	68	rt public
MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS C	49	48	С	101	to support
MIL- Waukee CITY	52	44	4	113	gher taxes t
MIL- WAUKEE AREA	45	51	ধ	405	in esongo
TOTAL	45	51	4	1000	26 Do you favor or your community?
	FAVOR Column %	OPPOSE Column %	DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	TOTAL WEIGHTED N	26

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITV	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
VES Column %	96	97	86	96	69	97	96	94	95	16
NO COLUMN %	3	0	-	3	ى ا	-	2	c,	e	2
DUN'T KNOW CULUMN %	8	0		-	5	2	2	c,	2	2
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	N 1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
27	<pre>27 Do you think we should have enrichment or training programs for children who have learning disabilities?</pre>	k we should have enrichment or training programs f o have learning disabilities?	enrichme Isabilit	nt or tra les?	aining pr	programs for	- LO			

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA V	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
VES COLUMN %	80	8	88	87	88	76	83	75	75	75
NO COLUMN %	18	4	11	Ξ	8	21	16	23	23	20
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	(F)	ю	-	n	4	e	-	c,	2	9
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
28 Do	28 Do you think we should have enrichment programs designed specifically for gifted children?	hould have	enrichme.		ams design	ed specifi	:1f1cally			

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	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
INCREASED Column %	46	57	68	53	52	44	41	33	58	29
DECREASED Column %	23	16	41	12	26	23	22	31	61	30
STAYED THE SAME Column %	E 21	16	12	18	10	24	23	23	15	27
DON'T KNUW %	600 600	Ø	Q	17	12	J	14	13	30	14
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	611	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
29	Do you think the number of high school dropouts has increased decreased, or stayed the same over the last ten years?	e number of h tayed the sam	10h scho	ol dropo he lest	1gh school dropouts has increased e over the last ten years?	ncrease				

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THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV Area	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
PARENTS COLUMN %	ទ	5 2	53	59	53	60	59	45	55	50
TEACHERS Column %	7	Q	e	ũ	7	٢	10	10	4	7
SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS COLUMN %	FRATORS 9	3	01	4	10	30	7	18	5	ග
MURE THAN ONE Column %	19	21	17	22	21	16	16	14	23	25
NONE OF THESE COLUMN %	7	8	4	7	Ω.	Q	ى ا	a	Û	4
COLUMN %	ß	G	4	8	Ċ.	Ċ,	e	Ċ	e	4
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
30	who do you parents, te	think is MOST res chors, or school	ponstole sdmints	ponsible for high administrators?	school	dropouts -				

THE WISCONSIN POLL

REST OF STATE	o	13	50	32		4	175	
SOUTH EAST WISCON	-	16	52	29		2	114	·
LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA		14	54	30		0	85	
MADI SON AREA		14	59	26		7	96	think graduate with unacceptably all of them, most of them, some
GREEN BAY AREA		12	59	26	-	-	184	th unac st of th
WAU- KESHA COUNTY		16	63	17	~	e	68	aduate w them, mo
MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS		15	69	13		e	101	do you think graduate with unaccept ting all of them, most of them,
MIL- Waukee City	940 1	30	55	12		~	13	do you Iting
MIL- WAUKEE AREA	0	91	61	69 19	٥	8	405	igh school students do you think graduate with unacceptably in reading and writing all of them, most of them, some few, or none.
TOTAL	0	16	57	24	0	6	1000	How many hi poor akilla of them, a
	ALL COLUMN %	MOST Column %	SOME COLUMN %	A FEW COLUMN %	NONE Column %	COLUMN %	TUTAL Weighted N	

THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE Eau CL. Area	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
PARENTS COLUMN %	21	23	24	28	11	23	21	01	21	19
TEACHERS Column %	4 G	6	31	27	36	46	33	47	36	33
SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS COLUMN %	TRATORS 16	15	12	15	13	-	27	19	20	18
MORE THAN ONE Column %	24	27	28	26	30	25	19	18	21	24
NONE OF THESE COLUMN %	ო	4	2	4	4	7	63 4	en		C;
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	-	0		4		4		e		2
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	966	403	113	101	67	183	96	85	114	175
33	Who do you think is MOST unacceptably poor skills or school administrators?	051 res 116 10 0587 res	responsible for students graduating with in reading and writing parents, teach	for stu and writ	dents gra	arenting trans.	raduating with parents, teachers			

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WISCONSIN RESIDENTS CRITICAL OF STATE WELFARE SYSTEM

SECTION III TABLES

AREA AREA WISCON STATE B0 B3 B3 B3 B0	17 1.2 13 12	6 4
AREA AREA B2	15	1 3 3
91 91	6	თ
WAUKEE SUBURBS 90	9	
MAUKEE CITY 6 79	1 15	1 15
WAUKEE AREA 86	-	-
T0TAL 83	61	n 4 -
COLUMN %	O LIMN %	FALSE COLUMN % DON'T KNOW CULUMN %

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
TRUE Column %	87	87	85	85	88	68	80	69	85	68
FALSE Column %	:	gang gang	13	12	gan gan	5	18	11	Ξ	7
COLUMN %	2	3	2	3		7	3		4	4
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	611	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
34	<pre>34 The welfare rolls have many people who could work but don't want to work.</pre>		y people who	ho could	KOTK DU	400, 400,	ant			

THE WISCONSIN POLL

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	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN Bay Area	MADISON	CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
TRUE Column %	84	83	19	81	92	86	84	81	85	85
FALSE Column %	13	13	61	15	63	13	13	18	13	11
DON'T KNOW %	n	4		4		-	ŋ	95 4	3	4
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	611	101	68	184	90	85	114	175
	35 The welfare system encourages poverty by allowing people to stay on welfare rather than work to be self-supporting.	are system encourages poverty by allowing that to be self-supporting.	s povert be self-	y by all supporti	overty by allowing people to s self-supporting.	ople to	stay on			

LA CROSSE SOUTH REST EAU CL. EAST OF AREA WISCON STATE	69 71 62	22 21 25	9 8 12	85 114 175
CRC MADISON EAU	68	26	Q	96
GREEN BAV AREA	64	28	30	184
WAU- KESHA COUNTY	<u>ត</u>	39	ĝ	68
MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	67 -	26	1	101
MIL- WAUKEE CITY	62	29	8	113
MIL- Waukee Area	65	27	œ	405
TOTAL	65	26	Ø	0001
	TRUE Column %	FALSE Column %	COLUMN %	TUTAL Weighted N

	TOTAL	MIL- Maukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
YES COLUMN %	96	88	88	02 0	6 5	96	0 0	95	97	96
NO COLUMN %	e	4	۵ı	۵.	S	e	-	4	n	m
DON'T KNOW	-	8	-		ю			-	-	-
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405		101	68	184	96	85	114	175
37	37 In general, do you agree with the concept of providing welfare support for people who are in need and cannot support themselves?	do you agree with the concept of providing we who are in need and cannot support themselves?	the co	ncept of t suppor	e with the concept of providing welfare support sed and cannot support themselves?	19 welfa Ves?	le suppo			

É	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- Waukee City	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY Area	MADISON	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
	4	40	33	48	52	40	39	47	37	40
	æ	a	11	~	Ô	7	Ø	10	Q	g
	36	36		32	26	42	41	29	46	31
	15	8	4	13	16	10	12	15	12	22
	1000	405	513	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
o you be	Do you believe that welfare payments in the state are too high, too low, or about right?	welfare	payments	in the st	state are	too hig	h, too			

REST OF STATE	78	41	٢	175	
SOUTH EAST WISCON	69	20	1	114	
LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	73	61	2	85	
MADI SON AREA	70	26	m	96	t of
GREEN BAY AREA	75	18	g		e recipients drop out of
WAU- KESHA COUNTY	76	61	ى ئ	68	t welfar children
MIL- Waukee Suburbs	74	24	3	101	idea tha
MIL- Waukee City	61	35	4	e I I	of the nefits i
MIL- MAUKEE AREA	68	27	g	405	rove or disapprove of the idea that welfare some of their benefits if their children
TOTAL	72	22	g	01	Do you approve of the idea that welfare recipients should lose some of their benefits if their children drop out of school?
	APPROVE COLUMN %	DISAPPROVE Column %	DON'T KNOW Column %	TOTAL WEIGHTED N	

THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAY AREA	MADISON	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
VES COLUMN %	91	92	06	92	06	82	87	86	87	92
NO COLUMN %	9	۵ ا	G	3	প	Ģ	g	10	4	Ð
COLUMN % COLUMN %	g	G	9229 1927	2	Ŷ	8	CJ CJ	4	5	e
TOTAL Weighted N	N 1000	405	611	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	42 Should people who receive welfare be REQUIRED to take available employment?	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	lfare be	REQUIRED	o to take	availat				

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WISCONSIN RESIDENTS VIEW CRIME AS ON THE RISE

SECTION IV TABLES

SOUTH REST EAST OF MISCON STATE	4	94 87	2	114 175	
	13	85	С	85	
LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	10	88		90	10
GREEN BAV AREA	,	87	-	184	e welfar ng perio
WAU- KESHA COUNTY	4	96		68	o receive a waiting
MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	11	86	9	101	e able to through a
MIL- Waukee CITV	Ø.	68	2	113	consin be ve to go
MIL- Waukee Area	Ø	91	G	405	Should people moving into Wisconsin be able to receive welfare immediately or should they have to go through a waiting period?
TOTAL	0	88	(C)	0001	uld people r ediately or
	RECEIVE IMMEDIATELY Column %	ERIOD 1 %	3 4	ED N	40 Shoul
	RECEIVE IN COLUMN	WAITING PERIOD Column %	DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	TOTAL Weighted N	-

•

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITV	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON E	LA CROSSE EAU CL.	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
VES COLUMN %	Q 4	95	96	95	66	86	92	94	92	68
NO COLUMN %	4	G	5	4		8	ŝ	ũ	ব	89
DON'T KNOW % CULUMN %	3	8	5		-	Fare	en		4	en
TUTAL Weighted N	-	405	113	101 1	68		96	82	1 14	175
41	ould pe urse or	ople who receive welfare be REQUIRED to take attend school?	lfare be	REQUIRE	ED to take	take a job trainin	jab training			

	TOTAL	MIL- WAUKEE A <u>R</u> EA	MIL WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
RISING Column %	67	72	80	73	65	74	53	63	60	62
STAVING THE SAME COLUMN %	.ME 24	23	19	24	28	20	37	24	27	26
DROPPING Column %	4	e		-		e	Ω.	7	9	4
DON'T KNOW CULUMN %	2 L	(7)	-	7	Q	n	ŝ	7	7	5
TUTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	1 4	175
4	Do you think that crime in Wisconsin is rising, staying the same, dropping?	hat crime in Wisconsin i	isconsin	is rísin	9, stayir	og the s	ame, or			

	TOTAL	MIL- Mauke Area	MIL- Maukee City	MIL- MAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
RISING COLUMN %	45	·	47	57 47	46	49	66 6	43	38	48
STAVING THE SAME COLUMN %	46 44	·	42	32 43	43	44	57	36	46	42
DROPPING COLUMN %	ĊŊ		G	~	6	Q	3	18	E	30
CULUMN % CULUMN %	2		6	4	3	-	-	e	. 0	-
TUTAL Weighted N		4	405 1	101 101	68	184	96	85	114	175
44	Do you think that crime in your community is rising, staying the same, or dropping?	nat crime in	your co	mmunity i	s rising,	staying	the sam			

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
AGREE Column %	76	74	72	17	76	79	72	77	11	81
DISAGREE Column %	20	22	27	23	17	16	27	18	22	16
COLUMN % COLUMN %	4	ব	~	9	9	ى ئ	-	ຎ	9	n
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	0001	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
- 	Do you agree or disagree that the laws and the courts are more concerned with protecting the rights of criminals than they are with protecting the rights of victims?	disagree that rotecting the ights of victi	t the lar t rights tims?	e crim	he laws and the courts a 1ghts of criminals than 57	are mor				

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
APPROVE Column %	22	21	24	21	19	25	29	61	19	16
DISAPPROVE Column %	72	73	69	72	73	11	66	71	75	74
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	g	G	Q	7	8	Q	ß	6	9	8
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	611	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
46	Plea bargaining is a practice where a criminal is allowed to plead guilty to a lessor crime in order to avoid the cost and demands of public trial. Do you approve or disapprove of plea bargaining?	ining is a practice where a criminal is allowed to plead a lessor crime in order to avoid the cost and demands of a al. Do you approve or disapprove of plea bargaining?		a crimin a crimin a void ti approve	al is all ne cost a of pleat	lowed to and dema bargaint	plead nds of a ng?			

		TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- Waukee Citv	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN Bav Area	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
YES COLUMN %	3 ⁴ Z	50	52	64	52	45	51	54	40	46	44
NO COLUMN %	× Z	46	42	28	42	51	44	45	53	51	53
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	* N	ى ا	Q	30	Q	4	ũ	-	7	e	e
TOTAL WEIGH	L WEIGHTED N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	47	In order to reduce the frequency of plea bargaining, would you be willing to pay more taxes to employ more judges, prosecuting attorneys, and public defenders?	reduce the frequency of plea pay more taxes to employ more and public defenders?	ency of employ ers?	e frequency of plea bargaining, w axes to employ more judges, prose defenders?	argaining, would you be udges, prosecuting	would you be secuting				

THE WISCONSIN POLL

REST OF STATE	, m	57	91	10	175	
ST H	-	50	41	33	114	
LA CROSSE SO MADISON EAU CL. EA AREA AREA WIS	m	55	38	4	85	
C LADISON E AREA		53	40	9	96	sh, too
GREEN BAV N AREA	-	28	35	Q	184 96	too har
WAU- KESHA COUNTY	n	63	30	4	68	
MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	8	56	37	ຎ	101	of Wisco
MIL WAUKEE CITV		55	38	7	113	courts
MIL- Waukee Area	-	58	36	g	405	Do you think sentences in the courts of Wisconsin are too harsh, too lenient, or about right?
						sentenci about ri
TOTAL	متم م	56	36	Q	1000	ou think out or
						48 Do y
	TOO HARSH COLUMN %	TOO LENIENT Column %	ABOUT RIGHT Column %	DON'T KNOW %	TUIAL Weighted N	48

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THE WISCONSIN POLL

TOTAL		MIL- Wauxer Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE N EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
70		73	76	68	65	73	67	60	71	67
25		23	21	26	33	23	29	32	24	26
ŝ		4	4	D.	2	4	ব	8	ى ت	7
000		405	113	101	68	164	9 9	Я2	114	175
	prisone	Do you think prisoners should have to serve the sentences imposed by the courts, or should parole boards be allowed to shorten sentences?	d have t boards	o serve be allow	the sente ed to sho	ences im orten sei	imposed by sentences?			

 $t \in [n]$

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN Bav Area	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE MADISON EAU CL. AREA AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
FAVOR Column %	56	55	4	56	64	58	57	45	62	60
UPPOSE Column %	37	38	47	38	28	33	30	48	33	36
COLUMN %	7	~1	12	Q	8	.00	4	7	ى ا	2
TOTAL WEIGHTED N	. 0001	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
20	50 In general, do you favor or oppose the death penalty?	, do you favor or oppose the death penalty?		he death	penalty?					

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
SUPPORT COLUMN %	45	50	50	49	5	41	43	42	44	45
OPPOSE COLUMN %	2 6	48	45	49	45	57	55	52	53	50
DON'T KNOW Column %	(M)	8	ব	8	-	8	5	£	4	C.
TUTAL WEIGHTED N	1000	405	13	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
22	Overcrowding is becoming a serious problem in Wisconsin's prisons. Which of the following would you support to reduce this overcrowding? More taxes to build more prisons.	i becoming a se ilowing would wild more pris	you sup	roblem in	in Wisconsin's p reduce this ove	in's pr	risons. rcrowding?			

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITV	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON AREA	LA CROSSE Madison Eau CL. Area Area	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
SUPPORT COLUMN %	920 800	11	70	82	70	86	06	78	77	81
OPPOSE Column %	16	20	29	13	23	12	3	91	22	16
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	6	ŝ	раз,	7	7	0	~	e	1	e
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96 .	8	114	175
52	52 More non-violent criminals sentenced to community work outside of prison.	iolent criminals sentenced t	entenced	to communi	unity wor	k outsi	utside of			

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- WAUKEE CITV	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KE SHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON	CROSSE Eau CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
	ß	4	ى م	00	7	4	ব	4	2	1
	9 4	4 6	36	92	16	69	96	35	96	16
	~	8			-	0		-	8	5
.L Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
N U	53 Shortening the lengthy sentences of some potentially violent criminals.	g the lengthy sentences of some potentially violent	nces of	some pot	entially	vialent				

THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL- MAUKEE CITY	MIL- WAUKEE SUBURBS	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADISON	LA CROSSE EAU CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
SUPPORT COLUMN %	63	65	74	58	62	61	67	61	64	60
OPPOSE Column %	33	6	98 2	38	93	36	66	37	32	35
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	ব	ধ	5	4	ຎ	4		3	4	S
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
54	54 The building of more low security prisons.	g of more low security prisons	security prisons.	isons.						

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THE WISCONSIN POLL

	TOTAL	MIL- Waukee Area	MIL~ WAUKEE CITY	MIL- Waukee Suburbs	WAU- KESHA COUNTY	GREEN BAV AREA	MADI SON	LA CROSSE Eau CL. AREA	SOUTH EAST WISCON	REST OF STATE
SUPPORT COLUMN %	57	56	64	47	58	62	65	58	55	51
OPPOSE COLUMN %	96	4 4	35	50	36	34	33	36	43	43
DON'T KNOW COLUMN %	4	S.	-	n	Q	4	5	9	2	Q
TOTAL Weighted N	1000	405	113	101	68	184	96	85	114	175
	55 Home confinement for non-violent criminals.	for non-via	lent crit	ninals.						

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THE WISCONSIN POLICY RESEARCH INSTITUTE

3107 North Shepard Avenue • Milwaukee, WI 53211 • (414) 963-0600

Report from the Executive Director:

When the Wisconsin Policy Research Institute's Board of Directors decided to begin surveying the public opinion of Wisconsin citizens, our feeling was that we wanted a nationally recognized pollster to conduct our research. We chose Dr. Gordon Black because of his national reputation. The Gordon S. Black Corporation has offices in Rochester, Washington, Atlanta and Detroit. It has done work for a number of American newspapers and has been the official pollster for <u>USA Today</u> since its inception and does the USA/CNN poll nationally.

Dr. Black's company has always been nonpartisan and nonpolitical in its clients. Our view was that we wanted to do nonpolitical polling in Wisconsin to avoid an appearance of being partisan.

We asked no political questions, nor did we necessarily endorse the results of our poll questions. We believe that this type of polling gives the average Wisconsin citizens a chance to present their attitudes on important state issues to the legislature, government and media. We intend to continue our surveying of Wisconsin citizens twice a year, once in January and once in September.

We stand by the results of this poll and I personally feel it was done in a highly professional manner and in a nonpartisan, unbiased way. Those who have criticized some of the questions have done so by extracting results out of a very large questionnaire that contained over 70 questions. We are releasing the results of all the issue questions that were released to the media. By releasing the results in this way, people who are interested in what their particular part of the state may have thought on any given question will be able to analyze the data on those issues.

We divided the state basically into media markets to create enough subsamples to have some statistical relevance in our cross tabulations. We also included the City of Milwaukee, its suburbs, as well as the southeastern region of Wisconsin. We will continue to publicly release our studies, and surveys as a way of performing a public service to the state of Wisconsin and hopefully raise the level of debate on these important issues that face us all.

Sincerely, HMiller

James H. Miller